FALL OF KHIVA.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE RUSSIAN

GOVERNMENT.

THE CITY CAPTURED ON THE 10TH OF JUNE-FLIGHT

OF THE KHAN.

an official telegraphic dispatch from Gen. Kauff

mann announces that the capital of Khiva was occupied by the Russian forces on the 10th of June. The

MILITARY MOVEMENTS OF THE RUSSIANS.

PLAN OF THE CAMPAIGN-PROGRESS OF THE EXPEDI

TIONARY FORCES.

The campaign against Khiva, which has termi

nated so favorably for the Russians, has been of short

duration if we take into consideration the nature of the obstacles which retarded the movements of the

expeditionary forces. The resolution to attack the

Khanate was formed at St. Petersburg in December

last. The preparations were already complete in

March of this year, and it was determined that three

detachments should move on the place from the

sheres of the Caspian Sea, along the valley of the

river Atrek; from Orenburg, in Russia, by way of

the river Emba; and from the Russian possessions

in Turkistan. The three columns were to perform

a concentric movement, and, after the june

tion or when they should have effected

Kauffmann, the Governor-General of Russian Turk-

istan. Of one of these detachments only a slight se need be made. The column under Col. Markosoff, which left Tchikishlar, near the Atrek,

failed of success. It left that place on April 5; but, in

the southern part of the steppes which it was obliged

to cross, it encountered such excessive heat that man

and beast succumbed after a vain struggle of several weeks. It was compelled to turn back when

only a third of the distance had been performed. The men being too exhausted to make the journey

to Tchikishlar, they were taken to Krasnoodsk,north

of that place, and arrived there in a miserable con-

The Orenburg detachment, commanded by Gen.

Vereykine, arrived at the Emba toward the end of March. On the 17th of May he reached Urgu, five or

six marches distant from Kungrad, near the mouth

of the Amu Dama. A portion of Gen. Verevkine's

derli, was on the 25th of May but two marches distant from Kungrad. The Colonel was prevented from obeying the order of his general, who had sum-

moned him to Urgu, and marched straight upon the

enemy by a short cut which he is said to have dis-

The command of the third detachment, which

was to march from Turkistan, was confided to Gen.

Kauffmann personally. To this detachment it was

conjectured most of the honor of the campaign

would fall. These troops were to march in two columns from the neighborhood of Tashkend and meet on the 3d of April in the Boukan Hills, which separate the Desert of Kyzyl Kum from that of

Batkak Kum. From an account published in the St.

Petersburg Invalide Eusse, which has all the value of an official statement, it appears that the Turkis-

tan (detachment, after the junction, moved in five

echelons. The great heats on the steppe began on

the 12th of April (April 24, making allowance for the

different methods of computing dates), the ther-

mometer marking 920 Fabrenheit in the shade. The

marches were very severe; but, in spite of these

drawbacks, the health of the army was excellent. On April 21 (May 3) the leading échelen arrived at

Khala Ata, 19 miles from the border of Khiva, and

72 miles from the Amu Daria, and was followed by

the last échelon three days later. It was considered

necessary to build a fort at Khala Ata, as a point

Cappui, and a magazine for stores. The foundations

of the fort were laid, and work begun on St. George's

Day, from which circumstance the works were named Fort St. George. It was built for a garrison

ef 200 men, and was to contain artillery, and en-

gineering and commissariat stores, beside a tem-

Information was received about this time that the

called Utch Utchak. In consequence of this infor-

mation the commanding general determined on

forming an advanced échelon, composed of 12 com-

pames, the baggage to be left at Fort St. George,

The result is given in the report of the Invalide Russe,

and reported to the Commander that along the whole distance from Fort St. George to Adam-Kriighan, he had seen no bands of Khivans, but had seen their track in several directions. According to the information received, it appears that the attack on the patrol was made entirely by Turcomans, and that the chief bodies of the Khivan troops on the Ann. Daria were also composed of furcomans. The attacking party of the Tuscomans was well mounted, and armed with every description of weapon. After this, on the 25th of April, news was received from Major-Gen. Eardoffsky that the detachment forming the advanced guard had commenced digging 20 wells at Adam-Kriighan, and that there was sufficient water at this place. According to the arrangements of the Commander-in-Chief, Adjt.-Gen. Kantmann, the remaining troops of the leading échelon (four companies of riflemen, five of the fine, eight field guns, and 50 Cossacks) were to leave for Adam-Kriighan on the 30th of April and join Major-Gen. Bardoffsky, under whom they were to make a forced march of 80 versts, with a few halte, to the river Amu-Daria.

Since this report no further details of the military

movements have been received. From the accounts sent by telegraph, which are contradictory in many

respects, we are able to state that the Turkistan de tachment crossed the Amu Daria at a point distant

only 25 miles from the borders of Khiva, and prob-

ably in the latter part of May capture

the fortified place of Kasarasp, only 60 miles

from the capital. In the mean time the Orenburg

porary hospital of 30 beds.

amand, under Col. Lomakine, which left Kin-

dition on the 28th of May.

imunication with each other, the troops were to pass under the superior command of Gen

Khan of Khiva fled to Youmandow.

St. PETERSBURG, June 29, 1873.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, JUNE 30, 1873.

THE SEARCH FOR THE POLARIS

OYAGE OF THE JUNIATA-PURPOSES OF THE SEARCHING PARTY.

FROM THE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE \$ U. S. S. JUNIATA, off Pollock Rip Light-boat, June 25.-The Juniata left her anchorage off the Battery, New-York Harbor, yesterday, at 2 p. m., with a cloudy sky, a head wind, and thick weather. In about we hours we were through Hell Gate and in the Bound. This morning we found ourselves off Block Island, with a bright sky and a presage of fine weather. By 2 p. m-we were passing Cross Bip Light-boat, on Nantucket Shoals, and at 8 o'clock this evening we hope to discharge our pilot off Pollock Rip Light-boat, and then we shall bid good-by to homes and country until September. Our course will be for St. Johns, Newtoundland, stopping here for coal and any additional supplies we may need These obtained, we shall push on for Disco and endeavor to get tidings of the Polaris. Failing to hear anything of her at Disco, we shall, if the ice periolis, proceed to Upernavik, searching the shore as we go along. Should we hear anything of her we shall try to reach her will the ship, but if we cannot do that, we shall send either sledge or boat expedition. The ship is well provided with means of sending out boat parties, but is not strong enough herself to risk encountering the ice. All on board are in high spirits, and look for a successful and

pleasant cruise as well as a short one.

ARRIVAL OF THE TIGRESS. The steamer Tigress, whose arrival from St. Johns has been so long expected and so unaccountably delayed, is at last in port. On Saturday at 11 p. m. sho arrived off Sandy Hook and yesterday morning pao ceeded up the harbor. On her arrival at the Navy-Yard, Secretary Robeson was informed of the fact by tele graph, and a few hours later he was driven to the Navy Yard, whence he proceeded directly on board the steamer. The Tigress left St. Jonns on Monday, June New-York on Sunday, June 22. When six days out her supply of coal was exhausted and wind was thereafte her only motive power. Nevertheless she struggled slowly on, and strange to relate, has been lying almost chinery, and everything connected with the vessel were afternoon the Secretary went on board, accompanied Commander Chandler, H. A. Bowen, Chief-E. mander Greer, Lient.-Commander White, Commander Ritchie of the Tallapoosa, and others. The vessel was at made, the vessel being manned by the crew of the Tallapoosa, the crew of the Tigress having disappeared the nent she touched the wharf. The party on board returned enthusiastic with the steamer, her solidity, he equipment, and her easy management, reporter of THE TRIBUNE conversed with Secreta and from them obtained the following particulars : The Tigress will be put in dry dock immediately, probably day, and so excellent is her condition at present that her equipment will not occupy more than seven days. She has been purchased by the Government for \$00,000, and her former owners, English merchants, will reput Polar sens. At \$60,000 she is said to be marvelously Polar seas. At \$60,000 sile is said to be marvelously cheap, as she is probably the very best steamer built for the purpose for which she will be required. She is only is nonths old During this season, she was employed in seal hunning in the Polar region and is admirably adapted to a voyage among the teebers. It was walle thus employed that her officers discovered the unfortunate Polaris crew on the ice floe, rescued the authorstand Polaris crew on the ice floe, rescued the authorstand her officers and them to St. Johns. The Tagress was built and her engines inserted in Quebec. She is 165 feet in length, 28 feet breadth of beam, 16 feet depth of hold, draws 15 feet of water, and have capacity of 483 toss. She is titled write a compound engine with high pressure 2s-meh and low

The projected voyage of the Figress is of incertain length. She goes in search of the Polaris, but it is hoped that that vessel will be discovered within a twelvementh. The Figress, in addition to her own supply of provisions, &c., has also a large quantity on board of the Juniata, and will have a depot of supplies at St. Johns. She will probably proceed from here directly to Disco or Upernavik, where she will join the Juniata.

A POSSIBLE SUBSTITUTE FOR THE TIGHESS. Washington, June 29 .- It is stated that the United States steamer Nipsic, now on her way from key West to Norfolk, will be ordered to proceed at once to New-York, to refit and make the search for the Polaris, in case the Tigress is not found to be suitable. In any event the expedition cannot be made ready as soon as was expected.

____ THE ARKANSAS GOVERNORSHIP.

MR. BROOKS REVIEWS HIS CLAIMS TO THE POSITION-

HE WILL HAVE IT OR DIE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUSE.] LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 28.—The Opera House in this city was crowded with people last night hear the Hon. Joseph Brooks's speech in vindication of his right to the position of Governor of this State, and hear a recital of the frauds perpetrated and the villainy used to keep him from the office by the de facto Governor, Elisha Baxter, and his henchmen. brooks's speech, which took about three hours in its and was convincing to all who heard it. He showed Brigadier-General into the Supreme Court room with a

was far superior to Baxter's best.

Mr. Brooks reviewed the efforts he had made up to the

PRICE FOUR CENTS. AN ARCTIC QUEST.

Beshdishik KHIVA B TEHERAN. MER PU

Persia, and Afghanistan. The dry beds of rivers are and Badakshan, claimed by the Ameer of Cabul, are no

the Peninsula of Mangiehlak, effected a junction on the 26th of May at Chudjeili, on Amu Daria, north of Khiva. At that

place the Khivans made a stand, and the next day they were attacked and defeated by the combined Russian forces. The enemy fled southward elosely pursued until fthey reached the fortress of Mangyt. On the 1st of June another battle of a more desperate character took place. The Khivans were, however, defeated and pursued in the direction or the capital. It will thus be seen that the city of Khiva must have been completely surrounded before it fell into the hands of the Russians.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1873. About 140 candidates for admission to the Military Academy were lately examined, 85 of whom passed both the Academic and Medical Boards. Fifty-five candidates rejected and 12 nominees failed to report for ex-The new corps organization of the cadets, made necessary by the commission of the graduates of this year as Second Lieutenants in the Army, is as follows: Captains-Rossell Theyer, M. L. Genry, J. L. Wilson, and P. M.

Siller, Agniant—Geo. L. Lamer, Agniant—Geo. L. Lamer, Agniant—Geo. L. Lamer, Quartermaster—C. M. Rowell, Quartermaster—C. M. Rowell, Leutenant—J. M. Syanos, C. H. Calvania, Geo. L. Anderson, P. S. Rice, E. B. Robertson, E. E. Hardin, Lettus Nilce, H. M. Andrews, Garrene Beens, L. A. Craig, Geo. R. Celll, and — Murray, Sericant-Major—Wm. Bairo, Cartermaster & Sergent—Airz, Rodgert, Pirst Sergeante—S. S. Leuch, E. Wheeler, G. R. Smith, and — Musin, Mann.

Mann.
Sergeants.-Ed. Hall, V. H. Bridgman, E. P. Andrews, J. M. Jones.
Engene Griffin, R. P. P. Wainerlight, T. F. Davis, Willard Young,
H. D. Huntington, R. R. Evans, G. V. Backus, Jr., and P. E. Ekonhead.

head.
Corporais—E. E. Dravo, C. H. Boneateel. — Payne, G. A. Gurling-ton, A. S. Bason, H. D. Borup, J. W. Wilson, S. M. Rains, J. F. Gaufovie, Granger Adams, G. O. Webrier, John Pitcher, C. L. Hammood, Hamilton Kowari, Herman Doud, G. S. Hall, G. Andrews, Eben swift, E. E. Grie, and J. M. Baker. The people of this district are just beginning to find

pames, the baggage to be left at Fort St. George. The result is given in the report of the Incalide Russe, as follows:

On the 27th of April, therefore, an advanced guard moved forward under the command of Major-Gen. Burdoff sky-two commanies of riftenien, one of sappers, four mountain and two mitrailleuse (f) guns, and 50 Cossaoks. This desachment started on the 27th of April, at 330 p. th., taking with them five days supply of water. After murching nine versits they made a short halt, and then continued in the following order—a platoon of riftenen marched at their head as an advanced guard; in advance of these rode a patrol of eight Cossacks, and half a verst in front of the patrol is small body of horsemen, consisting of the strillery, Lieutenant-Col. Trehmenfelf, of the Staff Corps, who was also accompanied by two Cossacks; a few paces in front of them rode one of our Kirghiz guides. At 84 in the eventage, when this detachment, after a short halt, had marched nine versts further and was 18 versts from their ambuch, attacked our leading patrol. The men composing this patrol instantly prepared for action; only six of the 15 men had firearms, and the two staff officers only had their revolvers. After cutting down the guide, the enemy galisped up to within 15 paces of the small body, but hestatung to attack with the eword, surrounded them and opened fire. The two staff officers and four Cossacks returned the fire. At the first discharge following were wounded to use side: Col. Tichmenieff, slightly, two small balls in the bead, and Col. fwanoff, also slightly, with builtets, one graze in the foot and another loading in the arm, near the chow; four Cossacks, one severoly, and there by man a fide: Col. Tichmenieff, slightly, two small balls in the bead, and Col. fwanoff, also slightly, with builtets, one graze in the foot and another loading in the arm, near the chow; four Cossacks, one severoly, and therefore by man the reference and the formation of riflemen, ordering the under the commander of the samma should out the character and extent of the bills taking money from them that were passed by the Legislature which has just adjourned. The most objectionable one is the General Sewerage bill, laying two cents a square foot on all property in the city, without regard to position, or whether all the sewerage about a lot had been finished. The amount thus levied is \$2,000,000. The bill was forced through by a violation of parliamentary rules and by legislative trickery. Gov. Cooke has not yet signed it, and there are strong hopes that he will not. By another bill about \$300,000 was voted to pay the Board of Public Works the expenses that it claims were incurred in negotiating the first \$4,000,000 in bonds. The apguration Ball was smuggled through in a conference committee when neither house had considered it, and by an arrangement with the officers it was not read at the desk at all. p ropriation of \$15,000 to pay debts meurred at the Inau-

Statements having been recently published that the Credit Mobilier suit is likely to result in failure, owing to an alleged movement to unite all the forces of the Union Pacific Raliroad Company against the Government, and to other causes, an inquiry at the Department of Justice leads to a different conclusion. The Attorney-General denies that the name of Horace P. Clark was cited in the bill in equity, with the understanding that both he and the company would remain neutral in the suit. The death of Mr. Clark will have no other effect than delay until the name of the new President of the company can be inserted in the place of that of Mr. Clark. The Attor-ncy-General sees no reason whatever to change his belief that the proceedings instituted by the Government will be successful.

The following Postmasters have been appointed in New-York: Bacon Hill, Saratoga County, J. Matthias ir.; Cornwaliville, Greene County, Wm. Barthwick; a. Queens County, Andrew Steele; Day, Saratoga County, Hiram Darling; Dormansville, Albany County, Erastus Gibbons; East Pike, Wyoming County, O. B. Van Deusen; Londonville, Albany County, R. A. Gore; North Hannibal, Oswego County, M. H. Cox; Pinckney, Lewis County, Thomas Carroll; Richmond, Richmond County, Miss M. J. Bedell; Sammit, Schoharie County, James Robinson; Tuckahoe, Westchester County, Andrew M. Notte; West Newark, Tioga County, R. S. Mead. The post-office address of Windham Center, Gredne County, has been changed to Windham.

Gentlemen connected with the financial operations of our Government are fully acquainted with the measures of the British Government for paying the Geneva award, and while they are indisposed to communicate the particulars, do not deny the general correctness of the account heretofore published that the money is to be realized in this country by the presentation of 5-20 bonds to the amount of \$15,800,000. Many persons claiming their shares of the award have not, it appears, yet rearned that Congress, at the inst session, passed an act providing that the money shall be used to redeem, so far as it may, the public debt of the United States by being invested in the five per cent registered bonds, to be held subject to the future disposition of Congress.

Secretary Richardson has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to give notice that during the mouth of July he will sell \$1,000,000 in gold on the first, second, fourth, and fifth Thursdays, each, and \$1,500,000 on detachment, with the body of troops which started | the third Thursday, and that he will purchase \$500,000 in | last night a large quantity of fireworks for the Fourth

The city of Khiva, situated on the Arou Daria, is given | the steppes with various prominent places in Turkistan, | indicated with dotted lines. The provinces of Wakhan

In settling up the accounts of Assessors of Internal Revenue before those officers retired, Commissioner Douglas ascertained that in some instances essistant sors had charged for double duty when they acted as gaugers, and he immediately directed that but one diary be allowed those even if they had performed louble duty, though in all cases he allowed them the greater amount of the two. By this action several thousand dollars were saved, though much to the disgust of the assessors, who expected the double pay.

The President's proclamation has been prepared to be issued on the 1st of July, announcing the going into effect on that day of articles from 18 to 25 inclusive of the Treaty of Washington, the necessary legislation having been adopted on the part of the Imperial Parlia

Of the 83 candidates for appointment as cadet midshipmen at the Naval Academy, 44 were found to be qualifled and will be admitted, 32 were found deficient and

fleet, which left for home Jane 2, will arrive at New-York or Boston next week. She will be put out of com-

Minister Bincham has not yet received his final in

structions apart from those of a general character, which are printed and supplied to all our Ministers.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

FAILURE OF THE SIOUX COMMISSION IN ITS MAIN OBJECT.

WASHINGTON, June 29 .- A letter from the Red Cloud Agency, dated June 29, says the main object of the visit of the Indian Commission was to induce the Sioux Indians to relinquish possession of the vast tracts of unceded lands held by them in Nebraska and Wyoming; but it was not deemed advisable to present the subject, the temper of the Indians being unfavorable to discussion of the matter, and therefore the Commissioners contented themseives with obtaining the removal of the Agency from its present location on the North Platte, 30 miles below Forth Laramie, northward to White River. The Indians de-manded 1,100 stand of arms of the best pattern, with plenty of ammunition. The Commission could only agree to ask the Great Father to issue to guns to each of the 11 bands of Sioux represented in the Council. Red agree to ask the Great Father to issue it gains to each the il hands of Sioux represented in the Council. Red Cloud wanted 100 white squaws sent out for his young men. Many white men had married Indian squaws, and afterward left them and their children on the hands of the tribe, to be provided for, which did not strike him THE REPORT OF THE TEXAS BORDER COMMISSIONERS-

appointed to inquire into the depredations committed on the Texas border have completed their report. Referring to their preliminary report of December last, they say that the number of petitions received last year was 102, and the amount of losses, original and contingent, due to the breaking up of business, loss of increase of cattle, etc., although the actual losses would amount to about \$6,000,000. The records of the Commission for 1873 show the receipt of petitions numbered from 108 to 423 inclusive, supported by depositions numbered from 355 to 1,190 inclusive. The aggregate loss is alleged to be

\$20,060,537, while the actual loss was about \$4,600,000. From

the complex nature of the allegations, it will require a

searching tovestigation of each case to separate items of

original and contingent loss, and the Commission made

NOT MUCH IMPROVEMENT IN AFFAIRS.

WASHINGTON, June 29 .- The Commisioners

original and contingent loss, and the Commission made no such attempt, its duty being merely to forward the original records.

The Commissioners in closing their report state that the general situation of the border as described in the preliminary report of December last remains unchanged, and that with the exception of the beneficial measures adepted by the United States Government in resultance of the commander and the smart blow inflicted upon the Kickapoos by the gallant Gen. Machenzie, the interests of Western Texas are in the same jeopardy as before. The views and conclusions of this report are only strengthened by time, and the serious state of affairs referred to can only be concluded by the removal of the manufing Kickapoos to their proper reservation, the performance of plain duty by the river authorities of the Mexican border, and an equitable adjustment of these clasims. The raids of Mexican maranders cannot be entirely stepped by the military forces of the United States, however watchful, and the operations of the Texas regiment of voinnteers, authorized under a late act of the Texas Legislature, with, it is presumed, not bring about the desired end, which can be attained only by a resolute offort on the part of the Mexican Government to put down the irregular banditti who, for many years past, have impoverished Westera Texas and wastonly shed the blood of its citizens. The Commissioners have completed their duties and will separate to-merrow, Messre, Robb and Osborg going to Chicago and Mr. Savace to New-York. Their labors have been arduous, and the manner in which they were performed is satisfactory to the Government. no such attempt, its duty being merely to forward the

THE PERILS OF FIREWORKS. COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 28.-David Webb. passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company at this point, and Mr. Houseman purchased

of July, and while taking them into the country in a hack, a lighted cigar fell into the package, which exploded, blowing the carriage top off and throwing Mr. Webb into a ditch. He was so badly burned that he can scarcely recover. Mr. Houseman was also badly hurt.

OBITUARY.

ABRAM O. ZABRISKIE. A telegram was received by the family of

the Hon. Abram O. Zabriskie, last Friday, anno that he was seriously ill at Truckee, California. His so Lansing immediately left home to attend him. The dispatch was followed on the next day by another, informing his friends that Mr. Zabriskie died on his way home, in the car at Truckee, a railway station 258 miles from San Francisco. A few weeks ago Mr. Zabriskie left his home in Jersey City, and, accompanied by a friend, Mr. Kuapp of Hackensack, undertook a tour through the West eventually reaching California. Very recently a letter was received by his family stating that he had visited the Yosemite Valley and though very much On the day after mailing this letter he started for home, but when he reached Truckee was attacked by crysipeins

which caused his speedy death. The deceased was a son of the Rev. John Zabrishle, formerly pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church of Mil-stone and a leading minister of that denomination. He was born in Milistone, near New-Brunswick, N. J., June 10, 1807, and had therefore just completed his 66th year. He was educated at Princeton College, where h achieved a high reputation and graduated with high honors. At the conclusion of the collegiate course be began the study of law, and was subsequently admitted to the bar at Newark, where he practiced for a short time. He then removed to Hackensack and continued in his profession successfully for several years, finally taking up his residence in Jersey City, where he practiced to the time of his going away. He rose rapidly to a high position at the bar, and was widely known as the possessor of splendid legal and literary acquirements. In 1868, he was appointed Chaucellor of New Jersey—a position which he filled with honor un-til the expiration of his term last May. He was a ripe scholar, and possessed an amount of information on all subjects which made him invaluable as a counselor, yet he was a man of so modest and retiring a disposition that only his most intimate associates had any conception of the profundity of his knowledge. In politics be was identified with the Republican party, but was not known as an active politician. He was married twice, and his last wife died two years ago. His eldest son was Colonel of the 9th Regiment of New-Jersey; was wounded several times, and finally killed at the batile of Roanoke Island. The deceased leaves two sons, mem-bers of the bar in Jersey City, and one daughter, the wife of Mr. De Bille, formerly Minister from the Neu-

wife of Mr. De Bille, formerly Minister from the excelentants to Washington.

The remains will be brought to Jersey City for interment, and a meeting of the bar of Hudson County and of the State will be held to-day, when the arrangements for the public portion of the funeral ceremonies will be determined.

THE SHARKEY CASE.

Comparatively few people were present in the Court of General Sessions, last Saturday, to hear the death sentence pronounced upon William J. Sharkey, who was convicted of murder in the first degree in shooting Robert Dunn. The week's delay was to give the prisoner's counsel, Mesers. Brooke, Beach and Mitchell, time to prepare a motion for a new trial. The prisoner was present, with his three brothers. Mr. Brooke, on the opening of the Court, presented 13 reasons why a new trial should be granted. They are based almost entirely on exceptions to the part of the charge which says: "A design to kill, formed on the justant of the killing or immediately preceding the act causing death, is within the meaning of this word, premeditation." Also where the Court says: "But I do think that any man who would use the language said to have been used, and testified to in the case, would be almost unfit to live." Counsel also claim that the Recorder's charge in relation to the brandishing of the pistol by the defendant, preceding the killing, was calculated to mislead the jury into the degree of crime committed by the prisoner; and that he erred in charging the jury as follows: "If prisoner did not intend to do any harm with this pistol, why did he cock it, why should be have held it in its right hand in this way (isustrating), and his finger necessarily upon the trigger! Does a person not intend to do harm when he holds a loaded pistol pointed at suich other person and discharging it? What was the prisoner's intention in cocking the pistol? The Recorder erred in not permitting an explanation to be made or given by the jurors of the reasons and motives actuating their recommendation as part of the verdict rendered. The jury, as evinced by the affidavits of the jurors amound, did not agree upon a verdict of murder in the first degree, as contemplated by law and therefore the verdict rendered and recorded is an improper one, and is not in fact a verdict agreed upon by such jury. The Recorder postpoued would be almost unfit to live." Counsel also claim that and recorded is an improper one, and is not in fact a ver-dict agreed upon by such jury. The Recorder postponed his decision until Wednesday.

THE RING INDICTMENTS. Joseph B. Young, formerly Clerk of the Board

Postmaster James appointed fifty-four addimal letter-carriers under the recent order of the Post master-General, authorizing the employment of an addi-tional number to facilitate the rapid delivery of the city mails. All the nominations were sent to Washington for confirmation. The men were selected from the list of cundidates who passed examination under the Civil Ser vice rules. They will begin their duties to-morrow. William B. Brown, one of the appointees, is colored This is the complete list : R. Van Dyke, James T. Caruth, Charles Milligan, William Patterson, Charles S. Isaacs. Frank E. Doughty, John Buchanau, Patrick J. Garvey Jonathan Ostrander, A. S. Gaylor, James E. Crosby, Eugene W, Ambrose Felix, Daniel W. Clark, Thomas W. Collins, John Gatchell, George H. Newsom, Theodore B. Case, Thomas J. Bowen, Hugh J. Leonard, Otto Ex-

robberies of the Ring, has not yet been arrested, or

rather has not yet signified to the detectives his willing

ness to meet them at the District-Attorney's office. Cor-

nelius Corson, formerly Clerk of the Commissioners of

RUMORED REVENUE FRAUDS.

ANOTHER IMPORTING FIRM INVOLVED

The announcement that the Custom-house

chainls were investigating the affairs of another in-

porting firm with a view to establishing the latter's

in commercial circles. The Custom-house officials re-

firse to impart any information concerning the matter. It is alteged, however, with what truth remains to be

seen, that Deputy Surveyor Kirk was examining the

books and papers of Messrs. Duden, Freres & Co.,

lace importers, of No. 495 Broome-st., and that his inves-

tigation had revealed the evidence of heavy frauds in

house are in Brussels, Belgium, and there are branches

in San Francisco, Cal.; London, and Nottingham, En-

gland; St. Petersburg, Russia, and other cities of Eu

rope. Richard and Frederick Muser are the resident partners in New-York, and Otto Muser the partner in

San Francisco. The alleged francis are reported to have

extended over a term of years, and the penalties are re-

was issued permitting the investigation, it is declared

POSTAL REGULATIONS.

that the action of the Customs officials was illegal,

their importations. Duden, Freres & Co.

sinecures, is also, it is said, indicted.

gers, John T. Heinlien, Herman W. Thian, Auton Dillmann, John Miller, Henry McGinniss, James E. Hernon mann, John Miller, Henry McGinniss, James E. Hermon, Wm. Coembs, John Gilrey, Jeremah J. Sullivan, Patrick Hoolohan, Wm. E. Brown, E. M. Morgan, Walter Brown, Aug. Bothseniid, Charles F. Powier, Edgar F. Sparks, Wm. Lawy, Andrey Peunel, Thomas McDonough, Henry Simmon, John Peters, Oliver N. Show, Wm. H. Weed, Jr. Isaac South, David H. Haaley, Rehard S. Ellis, Alleu J. Dennis, Francis P. Winters, Thomas McDon-ough, George A. Kittle, Robert Klernan, Patrick H. Goodwin. on Friday Postmaster James received a letter from

On Friday Postmaster aimes received a letter frol Postmaster-General (Creaweit, sustaining his action i refusing Anthony Comstock the supervision of letter seat through the Post-Office to initial addresses. Postmaster James claimed that a compliance with Mr. Constock's request would inevitably cause embarassement and would be impust in itself, besides subjecting the department to the charge of exercising unwarrantable suvelliance over matters with which it has no concern.

WORK OF VIOLENT HANDS. Coroner Kessler took the ante-mortem statenent, on Saturday, of Simon Gelblom, age 21, an expressome, at No. 29 Ludlow-st., from illness alleged to have been superinduced by injuries inflicted by Nathan Goldberg, cloak manufacturer, of No. 19 Catharine-st., and berg, cloak manufacturer, of No. 19 Catharinest, and others. According to the injured man's statement, he had agreed to transport some cloaks to Goldberg's place from another establishment. On arriving at Goldberg's place the expression demanded payment before delivering the cloaks. Goldberg refused to comply, and regain to remove the cloaks from the wagon; but Gelbiom kept hold of them and prevented their removal. Goldberg then went up stars to his factory, and returning with ten of his workmen, pulled Gelbiom from the wagon, knocked him down in the guiter, and, with the workmen, beat and kicked him until he was received by some neighboring storekeepers. The jury rendered a verdict against Goldberg, but he is believed to have fled from the city.

Officer Witkinson of the Seventh Precinct was knocked down and had one of his ribs tractured, while he was trying to arrest two unknown men who were fighting, yesterday afterhoon, in Brooklyn, E. D., where he was visiting some friends.

Catherine Colahan had her collar-bone broken by her husband Jerry, who brutally kicked and beat her, at their home No. 566 Greenwich-st., at 10 p. m., yesicrday. She was taken to the Celifrest. Hospital, and her husband was arrested.

Jonn Harvey, age 25, was severely cut on the neck and ears with a razor in the hands of Winnam Pailings, age 35, colored, while they were fighting in front of the house No. 213 Deianecy-si., at 7:10 p. m., yesterday. others. According to the injured man's statement, he

.The Turner's Festival at Cincinnati closed

delivery, was one of the most brilliant efforts of his life, beyond doubt that he was elected Governor by from 25,900 to 35,000 majority, and that the first or origina returns sent to the Secretary of State's office so showed He said the returns were manipulated and dectored by Gov. Baxter and a few friends so as to show Baxter's election by about 3,000 majority, and he challenged Baxter or any of his present supporters to deny it. He charged this as the truth, and stood ready to prove it before any competent tribunal. He criticised the administration of Gov. Baxter in the reorganization of the military, the placing of a known Ka-Klax in command of it, and then sending him to Jefferson County to suppress a Circuit Court for imprisoning one of his ap pointees for contempt of the Court; also, of sending a declaration of martial law in his pecket with which to annul the court and imprison the members thereof in case they took jurisdiction of the writ of quo warranto asked by the Attorney-General. He said that Gov Clayton's administration shone out like a meteor com-pared with Baxter's, and that Clayton's meanest act

present time to enforce his rights, and stated that present time to enforce his rights, and stated that although baffled and kicked from the Legislature to the Supreme Court, and from there to the Circuit Court, where his case is now pending, and where he had no doubt that he would get a fair and impartial bearing, there was an irrepressible element in this contest that will never stop, and that he intended prosecuting his soit to a successful termination without asking laxter. If the courts awarded him the seat after a fair trial, he would have it or death. His speech has made a marked change in the popular sentiment of this city, and will tell with great effect throughout the State. It was one of great force, and was a full and complete review or the attuation, together with an expose of Baxter's fraud in securing his present position.

ALBANY, June 28 .- Gov. Dix has sent to the ffice of the Secretary of State the following bills with-

out his signature;

To prevent exterior by gas companies: relative to the care of the lands and/abidings knewn as Washington's Headquarters, at Newborgh, to amend the several acts in reaston to state prison; to amborise the towns and villages of the State is furnish pure and wholesome water to the inhabitants thereof; a gueral water company's bill; to amborise the construction and use of a railroad in the City of Brooklyw and lown of Fiatbanh, in the County of Kings; to amend the charter of the New-York and claims against the State in the office of the County Appraises; to provide for the release of the dower interest of married women who are insane or nucler disabilities.

There are some forty other private and local bills which he has disapproved on the ground that the objects sought can be attained under existing laws. out his signature :

KHIVA AND THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY.